The Detroit Safety Team (DST)
DST assists communities in Detroit to build a new safety infrastructure that shifts away from police reliance. DST provides training through their City-Wide Safety Team program to community members. Safety team members are trained in Kingian non-violence, trauma resilience and neuroscience, restorative practices, de-escalation, mediation, and “pod” mapping. DST also provides training and safety support upon request from organizations, groups, or community members.

Request information about customized trainings
City-Wide Safety Team

Meta Peace Team (MPT)
MPT works to educate the public about non-violent practice. MPT provides training in active non-violence, de-escalation, and bystander intervention skills. They recruit and train peace teams that are placed internationally and in the United States. And MPT coordinates with local peace and justice groups.

Request information about customized trainings
Upcoming trainings

DE-ESCALATION & ACTIVE BYSTANDER TRAINING DIRECTORY: MICHIGAN

What is conflict de-escalation and bystander training?
These trainings vary in their methods, but all have the aim of empowering individuals, including bystanders, to prevent the escalation of conflict.

More information on how to use this resource is below.
Southeastern Dispute Resolution Services (SEDRS)
Southeastern Dispute Resolution Services (SEDRS) serves Jackson, Hillsdale, Lenawee, Monroe, and Calhoun counties. SEDRS provides training in mediation, conflict coaching, anti-bullying, restorative justice, and de-escalation.

Jackson, MI & surrounding areas
Virtual Offerings

Request information about customized trainings
Upcoming trainings
DC Peace Team (DCPT)
DCPT provides training in nonviolent strategies and tactics including de-escalation and bystander intervention techniques. Additionally, they provide unarmed civilian protection and accompaniment in local communities as well as public events such as rallies, protests, and demonstrations.

- Email [Request information about customized trainings](#)
- Calendar [Upcoming trainings](#)
- Virtual Offerings

Training Active Bystanders (TAB)
TAB is an innovative evidence-based program that trains participants to join together and gain active bystander competencies and discuss plans for acting in the moment of need.

- Email [Request information about customized trainings](#)
- Calendar [Upcoming bystander intervention trainings](#)
- Virtual Offerings

Right To Be
Right To Be is a movement-building, social justice organization that focuses on turning care for each other into simple, creative, effective action, with the purpose of building a world free of harassment and filled with humanity.

- Email [Request information about customized trainings](#)
- Calendar [Upcoming bystander intervention trainings](#)
- Calendar [Upcoming de-escalation trainings](#)
- Information [Guide to the 5Ds of bystander intervention](#)
- Virtual Offerings
NATIONWIDE OR VIRTUAL TRAININGS & RESOURCES

Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA)
A U.S. federal agency that aims to understand, manage, and reduce risk to cyber and physical infrastructure including election infrastructure.

- **Election Security report** — provides information on physical security preparedness at voting locations and election facilities.
- **Personal Security Considerations fact sheet** — outlines basic security measures to mitigate threats to personal safety.
- **De-Escalation Series and the Power of Hello resource** — provides information for critical infrastructure staff to identify potentially escalating situations, safely dis-engage, and report.
- **Active Shooter Preparedness video** — demonstrates possible actions that individuals can take if confronted with an active shooter scenario.

Community Relations Service (CRS)
A component of the Department of Justice, CRS works with community groups to resolve community conflicts and prevent and respond to alleged hate crimes. CRS trains representatives from government, faith organizations, law enforcement, civil rights groups, and other community organizations.

- **Request information about customized trainings**
- **Learn more about CRS' training programs**
WHO SHOULD USE THIS RESOURCE?

De-escalation and bystander intervention resources are intended to support efforts at the local level to prevent and mitigate potential violence, harassment, and abuse.

Local officials such as city council members, school board members, election officials, and poll workers may want to consider utilizing de-escalation and bystander intervention tools to prepare for potentially contentious public meetings and election administration.

Volunteers and community members, who are planning to attend potentially contentious meetings may use these resources to prepare, and strategize personal roles and techniques to recognize and de-escalate conflict.

See BDI’s de-escalation guides for local officials and poll workers.

See DC Peace Team’s de-escalation and bystander intervention guide. DC Peace Team is a nonprofit that empowers ordinary civilians to become nonviolent agents of sustainable peace and justice.

If your organization offers trainings like these, please reach out to bdi@princeton.edu to be added to the directory.
What Can Conflict De-Escalation Look Like?

Anyone (active bystander) can de-escalate tensions or harmful behavior by drawing on the CLARA method. However, before engaging in de-escalation, it is important to assess the situation, including your safety and others. Conflict de-escalation is not a technique that is appropriate for all circumstances.

C

Calm and Center Yourself: Check in with yourself, appear calm, centered, and self-assured even if you don’t feel it. Avoid pointing, crossing your arms, or other more aggressive postures.

L

Listen: Let the person vent and be sure to listen explicitly for feelings, needs, or values.

A

Acknowledge: Begin by acknowledging the feelings, needs, or values you have heard. [Not about agreeing with their position, statement, or behavior.] ex. “I sense your aggravation at this situation. I hear your concern for safety.

R

Respond: After acknowledgment, if there is a further threat of harassment or violence, offer open-ended or choice questions; address the issue; make a clear request or proposal. ex. “Will you tell me more about your concerns? “I understand you have every right to feel angry but it is not ok to threaten people here.”

A

Assess: Trust your instincts: If de-escalation is not working, STOP & GET HELP.