What is conflict de-escalation and bystander training?
These trainings vary in their methods, but all have the aim of empowering individuals, including bystanders, to prevent the escalation of conflict.

More information on how to use this resource is below.

**Defend Yourself**
Defend Yourself empowers people, especially those targeted for gender-based violence, to protect themselves and create a world where they can be fully themselves. They focus on ensuring people have options and ways they can stand up for themselves and others, including using physical and verbal skills. Defend Yourself offers active bystander, empowerment self-defense, and de-escalation training. All trainings are customizable to the needs of the group.

- **Washington Metropolitan Area**
- **Virtual offerings**
- **Contact** classes@defendyourself.org or request information for customized trainings
- **Upcoming trainings**

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*The Bridging Divides Initiative (BDI) is a non-partisan research initiative that tracks and mitigates political violence in the United States. BDI supports efforts to grow and build local community resilience through elections and other periods of heightened risk, laying a foundation for longer-term work to bridge the divides we face as a nation. Learn more at bridgingdivides.princeton.edu.*
Warrior Mediator

Kim Kristensen is a certified mediator, life coach, and mental health coach. He has a background in conflict management trainings, including de-escalation. Specifically, he has a training for using brain and body-based research to explore how to deal with emotionally upset people. Kristensen also tailors trainings to create programs that are practical, interactive, and designed to meet clients' needs.

Roanoke & surrounding areas

Virtual offerings

Contact warriormediator@gmail.com for customized trainings

Upcoming trainings
### DC Peace Team (DCPT)
DCPT provides training in nonviolent strategies and tactics including de-escalation and bystander intervention techniques. Additionally, they provide unarmed civilian protection and accompaniment in local communities including at public events including at rallies, protests, and demonstrations.

- ✉️ Request information about customized trainings
- 📅 Upcoming trainings
- 📚 Virtual offerings

### Training Active Bystanders (TAB)
TAB is an innovative evidence-based program that trains participants on active bystander competencies and leads discussions on response plans in their communities.

- ✉️ Request information about customized trainings
- 📅 Upcoming bystander intervention trainings
- 📚 Virtual offerings

### Right To Be
Right To Be is a movement-building social justice organization that focuses on turning care for each other into simple, creative, and effective action. Its mission is to train communities to build a world free of harassment filled with humanity.

- ✉️ Request information about customized trainings
- 📅 Upcoming bystander intervention trainings
- 📚 Upcoming de-escalation trainings
- 📚 Guide to the 5Ds of bystander intervention
- 📚 Virtual offerings
NATIONWIDE OR VIRTUAL TRAININGS & RESOURCES

Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA)
A U.S. federal agency that aims to understand, manage, and reduce risk to cyber and physical infrastructure including election infrastructure.

- **Election Security report** — provides information on physical security preparedness at voting locations and election facilities.
- **Personal Security Considerations fact sheet** — outlines basic security measures to mitigate threats to personal safety.
- **De-Escalation Series and the Power of Hello resource** — provides information for critical infrastructure staff to identify potentially escalating situations, safely disengage, and report.
- **Active Shooter Preparedness video** — demonstrates possible actions that individuals can take if confronted with an active shooter scenario.

Community Relations Service (CRS)
A component of the Department of Justice, CRS works with community groups to resolve community conflicts or prevent and respond to alleged hate crimes. CRS trains representatives from government, faith organizations, law enforcement, civil rights groups, and other community organizations.

- **Request information about customized trainings**
- **Learn more about CRS' training programs**

*For a full list of nationwide trainings visit, bridgingdivides.princeton.edu/community-resources/de-escalation-resources*
WHO SHOULD USE THIS RESOURCE?

De-escalation and bystander intervention resources are intended to support efforts at the local level to prevent and mitigate potential violence, harassment, and abuse.

Local officials such as city council members, school board members, election officials, and poll workers may want to consider utilizing de-escalation and bystander intervention tools to prepare for potentially contentious public meetings and election administration.

Volunteers and community members, who are planning to attend potentially contentious meetings may use these resources to prepare and strategize and techniques to recognize and de-escalate conflict.

See BDI’s de-escalation guides for local officials and poll workers.

See DC Peace Team’s de-escalation and bystander intervention guide. DC Peace Team is a nonprofit that empowers ordinary civilians to become nonviolent agents of sustainable peace and justice.

If your organization offers trainings like these, please reach out to bdi@princeton.edu to be added to the directory.
WHAT CAN CONFLICT DE-ESCALATION LOOK LIKE?

Anyone (active bystander) can de-escalate tensions or harmful behavior by drawing on the CLARA method. However, before engaging in de-escalation, it is important to assess the situation, including your safety and others. Conflict de-escalation is not a technique that is appropriate for all circumstances.

**C**alm and Center Yourself: Check in with yourself, appear calm, centered, and self-assured even if you don’t feel it. Avoid pointing, crossing your arms, or other more aggressive postures.

**L**isten: Let the person vent and be sure to listen explicitly for feelings, needs, or values.

**A**cknowledge: Begin by acknowledging the feelings, needs, or values you have heard. [Not about agreeing with their position, statement, or behavior.] ex. “I sense your aggravation at this situation. I hear your concern for safety.

**R**espond: After acknowledgment, if there is a further threat of harassment or violence, offer open-ended or choice questions; address the issue; make a clear request or proposal. ex. “Will you tell me more about your concerns? “I understand you have every right to feel angry but it is not ok to threaten people here.”

**A**ssess: Trust your instincts: If de-escalation is not working, STOP & GET HELP.